



# Phrase-level Temporal Relationship Mining for Temporal Sentence Localization

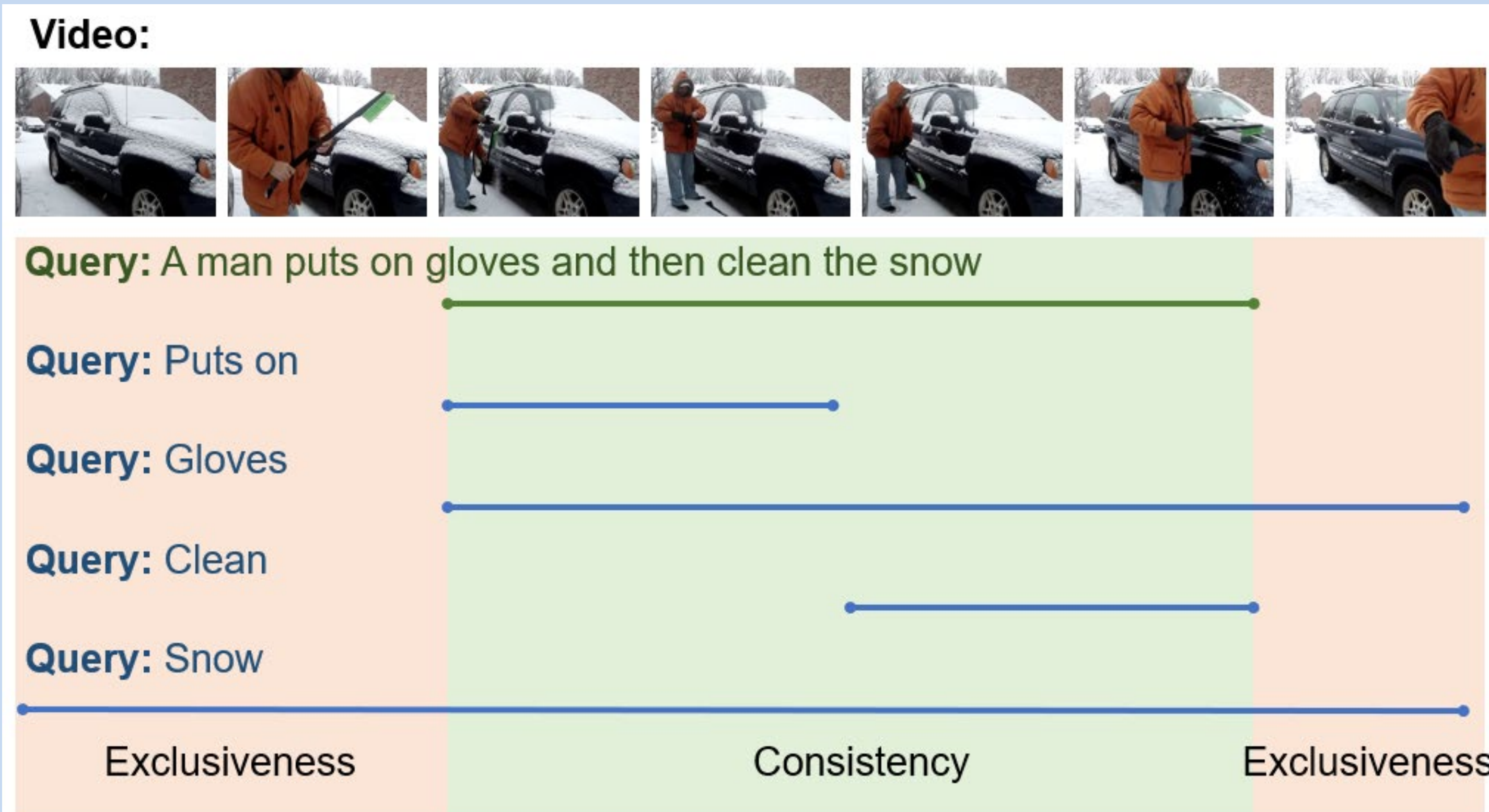
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## Introduction



- **Task:** Temporal sentence grounding
  - **Inputs:** Video + Sentence query
  - **Outputs:** Target video clip (start and end timestamps)

➤ **Observations:** Existing work can not deal with the **phrase-level**

➤ **Problems:**

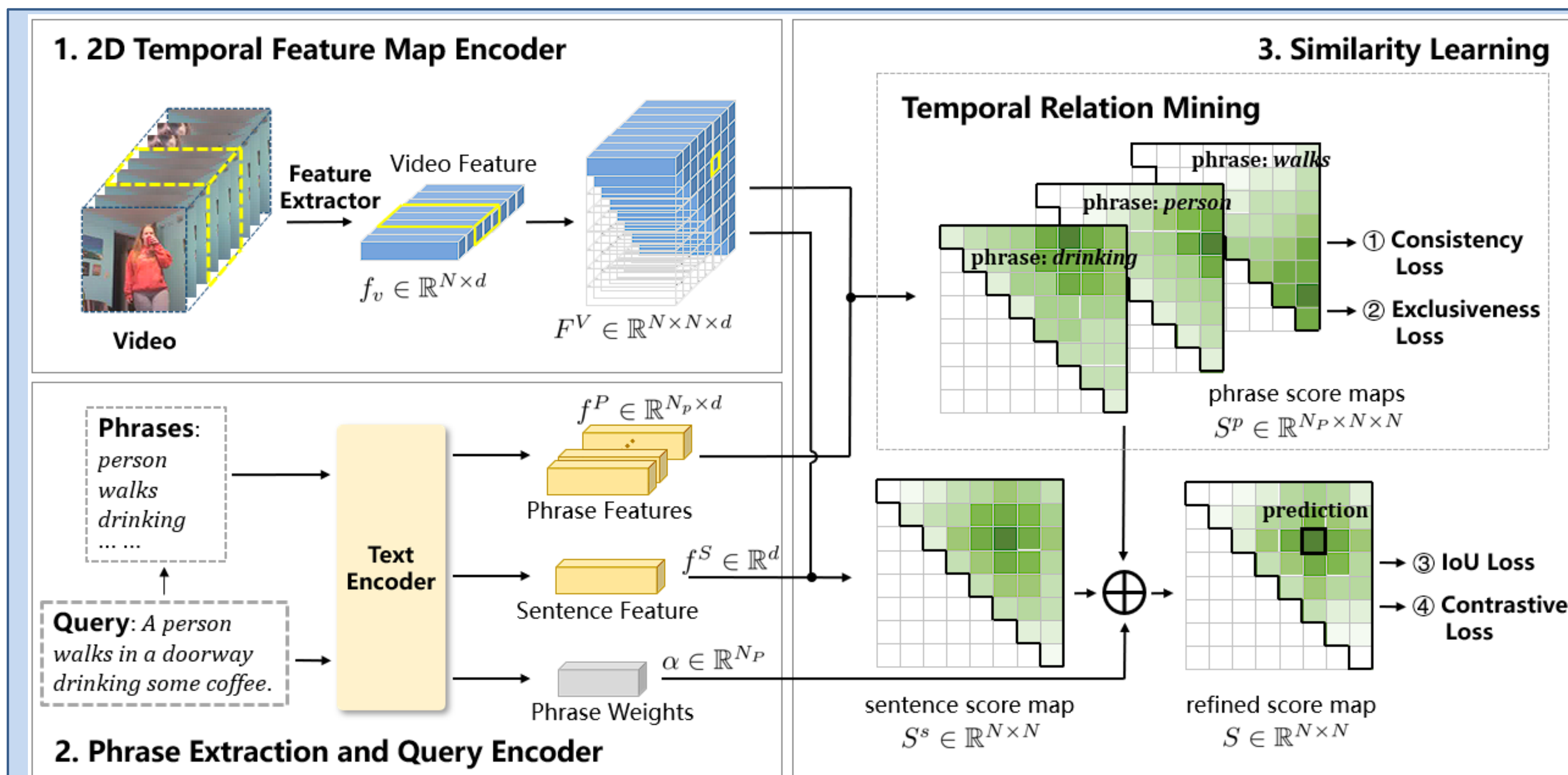
- Insufficient understandings of relationship between **simple visual and language concepts**
- Questioned model **interpretability** and **robustness**

➤ **Difficulty:** No phrase-level annotation

➤ **Solution:** Phrase-level Temporal Relationship Mining (TRM)

- Consider **phrase-level** prediction
- Mining **temporal relationship** between phrase and sentence
- Two principles: **Consistency** & **Exclusiveness**

## Method



➤ **2D Temporal Feature Map Encoder**

- Generate 2D visual feature map  $F_{ij}^V$

➤ **Phrase Extraction and Query Encoder**

- Extract phrase from pretrained SRLBERT
- Encode sentence feature  $f^S$  and phrase feature  $f^P$

➤ **Similarity Learning**

- Calculate sentence score map  $S^S = F^{VT} f^S$  and phrase score map  $S_i^P = F^{VT} f_i^P$
- **Consistency:** Phrase-level prediction should **share** a period with the annotated sentence-level ground truth
- **Exclusiveness:** Each frame **outside** the ground truth is **not contained** in **at least** one phrase-level prediction
- **Sentence Score Map Refinement:** phrase-level score maps provide fine-grained information for sentence

$$S = S^S + \sum \alpha_i S_i^P$$

## Experiments

➤ Charades-STA

Method	feature	sentence prediction			phrase prediction				
		IoU=0.3	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7	mIoU	IoU=0.3	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7	mIoU
SAP (Chen and Jiang 2019)		—	27.42	13.36	—	—	—	—	—
MAN (Zhang et al. 2019)		—	41.24	20.54	—	—	—	—	—
LGI (Mun, Cho, and Han 2020)		57.20	40.70	20.13	38.75	—	—	—	—
2D-TAN (Zhang et al. 2020b)		57.31	42.8	23.25	—	45.15	23.22	10.14	—
FVMR (Gao and Xu 2021)		—	42.36	24.14	—	—	—	—	—
DRN (Zeng et al. 2020)		—	42.90	23.68	—	—	—	—	—
SSCS (Ding et al. 2021)		—	43.15	25.54	—	—	—	—	—
CBLN (Liu et al. 2021)		—	43.67	24.44	—	—	—	—	—
CPN (Zhao et al. 2021)		64.41	46.08	25.06	43.90	—	—	—	—
MMN (Wang et al. 2021b)		60.48	47.45	27.15	—	38.41	22.19	10.1	—
PLPNet (Li et al. 2022b)		57.82	41.88	20.56	39.12	46.24	22.94	7.69	28.46
TRM (ours)	VGG	60.67	47.77	28.01	42.77	57.03	33.69	11.86	35.82

## Ablation Study

➤ Compositional Generalization

Method	Test-Trivial			Novel-Composition			Novel-Word			
	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7	mIoU	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7	mIoU	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7	mIoU	
Weakly-supervised	WSLL (Duan et al. 2018)	11.03	4.14	15.07	2.89	0.76	7.65	3.09	1.13	7.10
RL-based	TSP-PRL (Wu et al. 2020)	34.27	18.80	37.05	14.74	1.43	12.61	18.05	3.15	14.34
Proposal-free	LGI (Mun, Cho, and Han 2020)	43.56	23.29	41.37	23.21	9.02	27.86	23.10	9.03	26.95
	VLSNet (Zhang et al. 2020a)	39.27	23.12	42.51	20.21	9.18	29.07	21.68	9.94	29.58
	VISA (Li et al. 2022a)	47.13	29.64	44.02	31.51	16.73	35.85	30.14	15.90	35.13
Proposal-based	TMN (Liu et al. 2018)	16.82	7.01	17.13	8.74	4.39	10.08	9.93	5.12	11.38
	2D-TAN (Zhang et al. 2020b)	44.50	26.03	42.12	22.80	9.95	28.49	23.86	10.37	28.88
	TRM (Ours)	55.22	35.06	51.85	33.80	16.86	35.80	35.49	17.68	37.50

➤ Effectiveness of Proposed Modules

Phrase	Method			Sentence prediction			Verb phrase prediction		
	Consistency	Exclusiveness		IoU=0.3	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7	IoU=0.3	IoU=0.5	IoU=0.7
✗	✗	✗		60.48	47.45	27.15	38.41	22.19	10.01
✓	✗	✗		59.84	46.65	26.99	41.13	22.63	10.60
✓	✓	✗		60.22	46.56	27.31	56.69	30.85	10.85
✓	✗	✓		60.13	45.89	27.80	38.90	22.11	10.46
✓	✓	✓		60.67	47.77	28.01	57.03	33.69	11.86

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## Code

